

# KKT COLOR A4 | AISI316

## CONE-SHAPED CONCEALED HEAD SCREW



### COLOURED HEAD

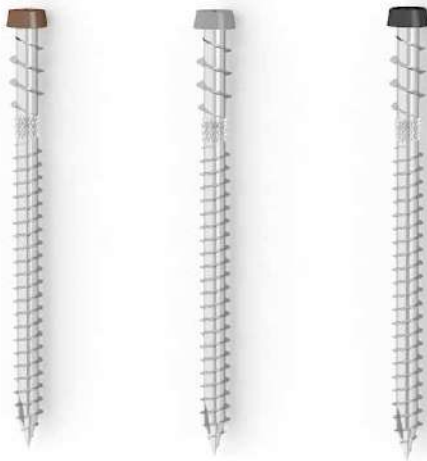
Version in A4 | AISI316 stainless steel with brown, grey or black coloured head. Excellent camouflaging with wood. Ideal for very aggressive environments and for chemically treated woods (acetylation).

### COUNTER THREAD

The inverse (left-hand) under-head thread guarantees excellent grip. Small conical head to ensure it is hidden in the timber.

### TRIANGULAR BODY

The three-lobed thread makes it possible to cut the wood grain during screwing. Exceptional timber pull-through.



## CHARACTERISTICS

FOCUS	excellent grip
HEAD	conical, coloured countersunk
DIAMETER	5,0 mm
LENGTH	from 40 to 70 mm



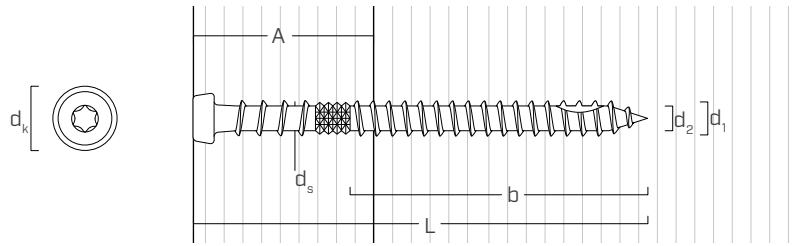
## MATERIAL

A4 | AISI316 austenitic stainless steel with coloured organic coating.

## FIELDS OF USE

Outdoor use in highly aggressive environments. Wooden boards with density of  $< 550 \text{ kg/m}^3$  (without pre-drill) and  $< 880 \text{ kg/m}^3$  (with pre-drill). WPC boards (with pre-drill). Suitable for service classes 1-2-3.

## GEOMETRY AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Nominal diameter	$d_1$	[mm]	5,10
Head diameter	$d_k$	[mm]	6,75
Tip diameter	$d_2$	[mm]	3,40
Shank diameter	$d_s$	[mm]	4,05
Pre-drilling hole diameter <sup>(1)</sup>	$d_v$	[mm]	3,0 - 4,0
Notched tip			single
Characteristic yield moment	$M_{y,k}$	[Nm]	5,84
Characteristic withdrawal-resistance parameter	$f_{ax,k}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	13,7
Associated density	$\rho_a$	[kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	350
Characteristic head-pull-through parameter	$f_{head,k}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	23,8
Associated density	$\rho_a$	[kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	350
Characteristic tensile strength	$f_{tens,k}$	[kN]	7,8

<sup>(1)</sup> For high density materials, pre-bored holes are recommended based on the wood species.

## CODES AND DIMENSIONS



$d_1$ [mm]	CODE	L [mm]	b [mm]	A [mm]	pcs
5 TX 20	KKT540A4M	43	25	16	200
	KKT550A4M	53	35	18	200
	KKT560A4M	60	40	22	200
	KKT570A4M	70	50	27	100



$d_1$ [mm]	CODE	L [mm]	b [mm]	A [mm]	pcs
5 TX 20	KKT550A4N	53	35	18	200
	KKT560A4N	60	40	22	200



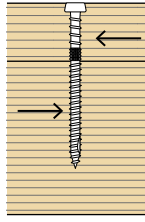
$d_1$ [mm]	CODE	L [mm]	b [mm]	A [mm]	pcs
5 TX 20	KKT550A4G	53	35	18	200
	KKT560A4G	60	40	22	200



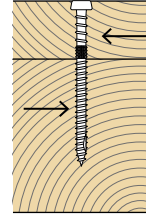
### CARBONIZED WOOD

Ideal for fastening wooden planks with a burnt effect. Can also be used with acetylate-treated woods.

## MINIMUM DISTANCES FOR SHEAR LOADS



Load-to-grain angle  $\alpha = 0^\circ$



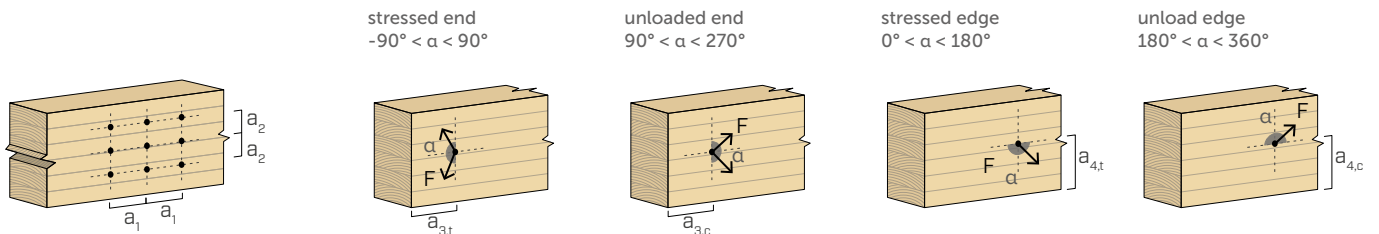
Load-to-grain angle  $\alpha = 90^\circ$

		SCREWS INSERTED WITH PRE-DRILLING HOLE		SCREWS INSERTED WITH PRE-DRILLING HOLE	
$d_1$	[mm]	5		5	
$a_1$	[mm]	5·d	25	4·d	20
$a_2$	[mm]	3·d	15	4·d	20
$a_{3,t}$	[mm]	12·d	60	7·d	35
$a_{3,c}$	[mm]	7·d	35	7·d	35
$a_{4,t}$	[mm]	3·d	15	7·d	35
$a_{4,c}$	[mm]	3·d	15	3·d	15

		SCREWS INSERTED WITHOUT PRE-DRILLING HOLE		SCREWS INSERTED WITHOUT PRE-DRILLING HOLE	
$d_1$	[mm]	5		5	
$a_1$	[mm]	12·d	60	5·d	25
$a_2$	[mm]	5·d	25	5·d	25
$a_{3,t}$	[mm]	15·d	75	10·d	50
$a_{3,c}$	[mm]	10·d	50	10·d	50
$a_{4,t}$	[mm]	5·d	25	10·d	50
$a_{4,c}$	[mm]	5·d	25	5·d	25

$d$  = nominal screw diameter



### NOTES:

- The minimum distances are compliant with EN 1995:2014 considering a timber characteristic density of  $\rho_k \leq 420 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and calculation diameter of  $d$  = nominal screw diameter.
- The minimum spacing for all steel-to-timber connections ( $a_1, a_2$ ) can be multiplied by a coefficient of 0,7.
- The minimum spacing for all panel-to-timber connections ( $a_1, a_2$ ) can be multiplied by a coefficient of 0,85.

geometry				SHEAR		TENSION	
				timber-to-timber without pre-drilling hole	timber-to-timber with pre-drilling hole	thread withdrawal <sup>(1)</sup>	head pull-through including upper thread withdrawal <sup>(2)</sup>
d <sub>1</sub>	L	b	A	R <sub>V,k</sub>	R <sub>V,k</sub>	R <sub>ax,k</sub>	R <sub>head,k</sub>
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]	[kN]	[kN]
5	43	25	16	1,08	1,35	1,98	1,25
	53	35	18	1,16	1,40	2,77	1,25
	60	40	22	1,24	1,53	3,17	1,25
	70	50	27	1,35	1,70	3,96	1,25

**NOTES:**

- (1) The axial thread withdrawal resistance was calculated considering a 90° angle between the grain and the connector and for a fixing length of b.
- (2) The axial resistance to head pull-through was calculated using timber elements also considering the underhead thread.

**GENERAL PRINCIPLES:**

- Characteristic values according to EN 1995:2014.
- Design values can be obtained from characteristic values as follows:

$$R_d = \frac{R_k \cdot k_{mod}}{Y_m}$$

The coefficients  $Y_M$  and  $k_{mod}$  should be taken according to the current regulations used for the calculation.

- Mechanical strength values and screw geometry according to CE marking according to EN 14592.
- For the calculation process a timber characteristic density  $\rho_k = 420 \text{ kg/m}^3$  has been considered.
- Values were calculated considering the threaded part as being completely inserted into the wood.
- Dimensioning and verification of the timber elements must be carried out separately.